

**11th December 2020**

## **Equity Recommendations**

### **Overall Overview**

The adverse economic outlook as result of the COVID-19 pandemic has seen prices of most counters decline significantly, into bear market territory. The NASI, NSE20 and NSE25 are down 11.6%, 32.4%, 19.6% YTD to 147.12, 1,794.06 and 3,296.62 respectively.

In the short term, we expect significant pressure on companies' operating performance as a result of economic shocks. In our view, investors with a long-term view (ideally equity investors should have a long-term outlook anyway) and don't have short term liquidity constraints can take advantage of the attractive trading multiples for the capital gains potential.

High dividend yielding stocks are also good investing opportunities. However, with a need to conserve cash, this is a high-risk strategy due to the lower dividend safety (a number of companies have either reduced or deferred dividends or issued stock dividends instead of cash dividends).

A safer alternative for income investors is allocate funds to fixed income securities/money market fund.

Overall, the current market presents a buying opportunity for companies with strong fundamentals. We highlight some of these in the next section.

### **INSURANCE SECTOR:**

#### **Kenya Re**

We assign a **HOLD** recommendation on Kenya Re. The counter is currently trading at a trailing P/B multiple of 3.84x (at a price of KES 2.11 as at 11th December 2020) compared to the industry average of P/B ratio of 3.32x.

The company has a return on average equity (ROaE) of 13.2% (third highest amongst listed insurance companies) and a dividend yield of 4.2% -- the highest amongst listed insurance companies.

<b>Counter</b>	<b>ROaE</b>	<b>Dividend Yield</b>
Britam	13.3%	3.4%
CIC	4.1%	0.0%
Sanlam	6.9%	0.0%

Jubilee	13.9%	3.1%
Liberty	9.5%	0.0%
Kenya Re	13.2%	4.2%

Our recommendation is based on the following factors:

### Investment Considerations

- Despite increasing competition in foreign markets, Kenya Re still maintains a leading position in its domestic market (it is the national re-insurer in Kenya) and is supported by the national government (which owns 60.0% stake through the National Treasury).
- Kenya Re has robust levels of capital and liquidity; as at 1H2020 total equity stood at KES 33.1 billion with retained earnings accounting for KES 20.2 billion. Kenya Re recently (in July 2020) received a national scale financial rating of AA+ with a stable outlook from Global Credit Ratings (GCR) on the back of a strong capital base and healthy liquidity. We believe the strong capital and liquidity position provides the company with the requisite financial muscle to further its diversification strategy (Kenya Re plans to venture into Egypt post-pandemic).

### Risks

- We expect rising competition to continue being a major challenge to Kenya Re going forward. In the last few years, the company has persistently encountered increased competition from local and international markets occasioned by:
  - rising domestication of reinsurance in several key markets and setting up of national re-insurance companies in countries where they didn't exist before
  - price undercutting amongst re-insurers

- In 1H2020, investment income dipped by 2.1% y/y to KES 1.9 billion. This is attributable to the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic which has resulted in a depressed investment environment. We expect to continue to witness depressed earnings from the investment portfolio due to challenges in the investment climate (low yields and low equity returns).
- In 1H2020, net claims and benefits from the short-term business eased by 1.8% to KES 4.6 bn – bucking trend witnessed since FY2017 (i.e. double digit growth). This resulted in a decrease in the loss ratio to 59.2% (1H2019: 70.0%). We opine that the lower claims and benefits witnessed in the short-term business were influenced by reduced activities (transportation, business activities) due restrictions imposed to curb the spread of COVID-19. With the easing of COVID-19 restrictions, there is a high likelihood that claims and benefits in the short-term business may once again rise in 1H2020. Thus, we remain cautiously optimistic about the improvement in underwriting results.
- We also note that Kenya Re's reinsurance receivables have once again come under pressure in the 1H2020 despite the improvement witnessed in the collection of reinsurance receivables in FY2019 (which declined by 28.5% to KES 2.6 billion in FY2019). We opine that collection efforts will continue to be hampered in FY2020 owing to the economic challenges brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic, consequently resulting in higher provisions.

### ENERGY SECTOR:

#### KenGen

We recommend a **LONG-TERM BUY** on KenGen. The counter is currently trading at a trailing P/E multiple of 3.84x (at a price of KES 4.16 as at 11th December 2020).

KenGen recently released its 1H2019/2020 results showing a 98.1% y/y growth in after tax profits to KES 8.2 bn. The jump in after tax profits was predominantly due to a tax credit of KES 1.9 billion occasioned by capital allowances following the commissioning of 165 MW Olkaria V.

Our recommendation is based on the following factors.

### **Investment Considerations**

#### **Capacity expansion:**

KenGen is actively pursuing its Revamped Horizon III Good-to-Great (G2G) Strategy that is largely focused on geothermal capacity expansion (totaling 439 MW). KenGen benefits from plant commissions through tax credits (during the financial years in which they are commissioned), increased capacity revenues (accounting for a larger share of electricity revenues at 72.2% – as at FY2017/2018) and the potential to increase energy revenue (through energy sales). The following is a brief description of pipeline projects according to the company;

- 83.3MW Olkaria 1 unit 6 plant is in the advanced stages and is expected to be commissioned in 2021
- Contract processes for the 140MW Olkaria VI plant and Olkaria I Rehabilitation (from 45MW to 51MW) are at advanced stages

#### **Direct electricity sales:**

With the introduction of the Energy Act 2019 (which allows other players other than Kenya Power to sell electricity to consumers), KenGen has the ability to pursue direct energy sales. According to media reports, KenGen is currently seeking the approval of the Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) to sell electricity directly to flower firms and large industrial investors in the proposed Naivasha Industrial Park. If

approved, this would enhance KenGen electricity sales and open the door for similar direct sales especially for companies in the Special Economic Zones.

#### **Revenue diversification:**

The company is also actively pursuing a revenue diversification strategy. Some of the initiatives include:

- Consultancy and drilling services; in 2019 KenGen was awarded a KES 5.2 billion tender to drill geothermal wells in Ethiopia and is reportedly currently pursuing geothermal infrastructure tenders in nine African countries
- KenGen recently entered into an agreement with Nairobi County to generate electricity from garbage
- KenGen announced plans to set up electric car charging infrastructure

### **Key Risks**

#### **Reduced tax credits:**

With the review of tax allowances from a maximum of 150.0% to 50.0% of capital investment, going forward KenGen may not benefit as much from tax credits as it did in the past from the commissioning of new plants as it did in the past.

#### **Regulatory risks:**

Owing to the negative impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic (reduced electricity demand), there has been a lot of uncertainty as to whether Kenya Power will honor existing power purchase contracts from power producers. The Ministry of Energy had

earlier announced (June 2020) that it will invoke the force majeure clause in wholesale power generation contracts. The invocation of the clause indicates that Kenya Power will not be obliged to fulfill the payment of existing power purchase contracts from power producers. The nature of the contracts generally requires Kenya Power to purchase a set amount electricity while also compensating power producers for electricity availability/capacity.

The declaration of force majeure implies Kenya Power will not be obliged to pay for excess power i.e. the difference between the power consumed and the power acquired from power producers ("take or pay" model of power purchase agreement (PPA)). At present, it remains unclear as to whether the force majeure affects only the payment of unused electricity or also electricity capacity. KenGen generates electricity revenues from both sources – energy revenue and capacity revenue. If the force majeure affects electricity capacity as well this will significantly affect KenGen financial performance in FY2020/2021. However, since this is still unclear, we expect more clarifications going forward.

Furthermore, with the easing of COVID-19 restrictions, we expect rising electricity demand to potentially reverse the invocation of the force majeure clause.

## **Conclusion**

Whilst we expect the reduction in tax allowances to weigh down profitability in commissioning years, we believe that the capacity expansion initiatives and the revenue diversification initiatives have the potential to anchor growth for the company -- especially in the long-term thus we recommend a **LONG-TERM BUY** on KenGen.

## Summary

Counter	Recommendation	YTD Change	Price as at 11-12-2020
KenGen	Long-term Buy	-19.40%	4.61
Kenya Re	Hold	-30.40%	2.11

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**Recommendation Guide:**

**LONG-TERM BUY:** The company has strong fundamentals (strong financial performance, clear/reasonable strategy, competent management team etc.). However, there are certain investments or strategies that would require an investor to have a long-term view of the company to allow for capital appreciation. Also, the company may be facing headwinds which we view as short term.

**BUY:** Strong fundamentals. Minimal risks to the catalysts/growth drivers

**NEUTRAL:** This is where the positives and negatives in a company almost balance out. You can accumulate for the long term.

**SELL:** Deteriorating fundamentals. Risks outweigh the catalyst/growth drivers.

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